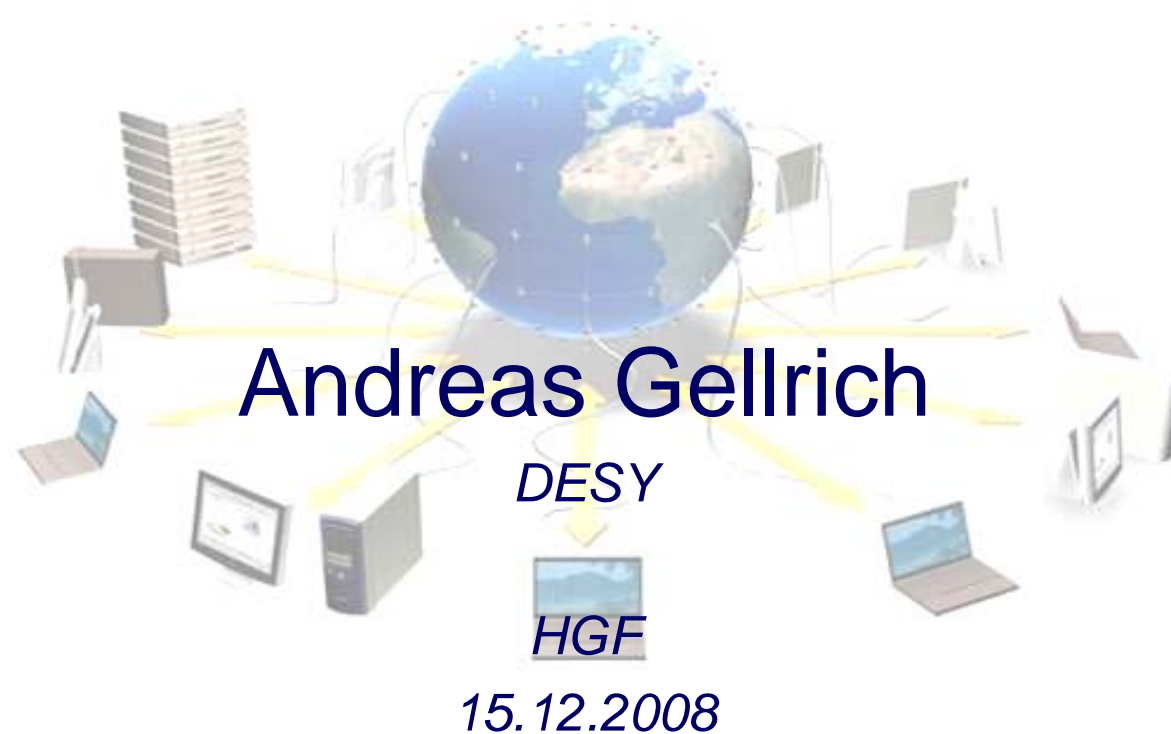




Grid @ DESY



Andreas Gellrich

DESY

HGF

15.12.2008



Legacy ...





... Legacy





History

- Trivially, computing requirements must always be related to the technical abilities at a certain time ...
- Until not long ago: (at least in HEP ...)
 - Computing was a pure *offline* task:
“Let’s first take data and then see how we handle them.”
 - Necessary resources could be provided *locally*
 - In HEP, people have always been used to *global* approaches
- Nowadays: (LHC, ILC, ...)
 - Computing is treated like a detector component
 - Necessary resources cannot be provided locally anymore
 - Larger amounts of resources are not provided locally
 - *The paradigm changed from local to global*



Grid Computing

Grid Computing is about *virtualization* of *global* resources.

- It is about *transparent* access to globally distributed resources such as data and compute cycles
- A Grid infrastructure consists of *services* to access resources and (of course) of the *resources* itself
 - Opposite to *distributed computing*, Grid resources are *not centrally controlled*
 - Hence it is mandatory to use *standard, open, general-purpose protocols and interfaces*
 - A Grid must *deliver nontrivial qualities of services*
- In general Grid infrastructures are *generic*; without any dependencies of the applications / experiments

concept



Grid Types

- Data Grids:
 - Provisioning of transparent access to data which can be physically distributed within *Virtual Organizations* (VO)
- Computational Grids:
 - allow for large-scale **compute resource** sharing within Virtual Organizations (VO)
- (Information Grids):
 - Provisioning of **information** and data exchange, using well defined standards and web services

Note!

Jobs are *transient*, data is *persistent*.



Grid Building Blocks ...

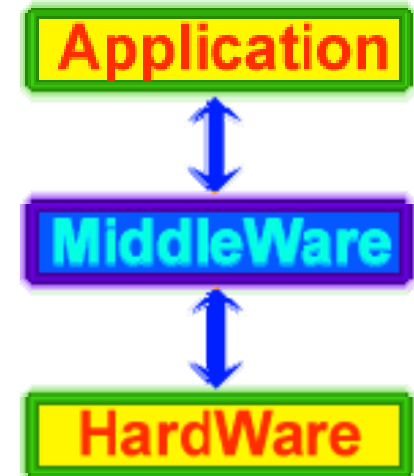


concept

A *Virtual Organization (VO)* is a *dynamic collection of individuals, institutions, and resources* which is defined by certain *sharing rules*.

- A **VO** represents a **collaboration**
- Users **authenticate** with personal certificates (*Authentication*)
- Users are members of a certain VO (*Authorization*)
- Certificates are **issued** by a **Certification Authority (CA)**

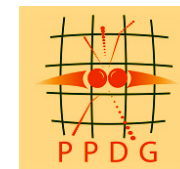
- Grid Infrastructure
 - **Core Services** (mandatory per VO)
 - VO Membership Services
 - Grid Information Services
 - Workload Management System
 - **Resources** (brought in by partners (*Grid sites*))





eGee

Grid Projects





EGEE ...

Objectives:

The EGEE project brings together experts from more than 50 countries with the common aim of building on recent advances in Grid technology and developing a service **Grid infrastructure** which is available to scientists 24 hours-a-day.

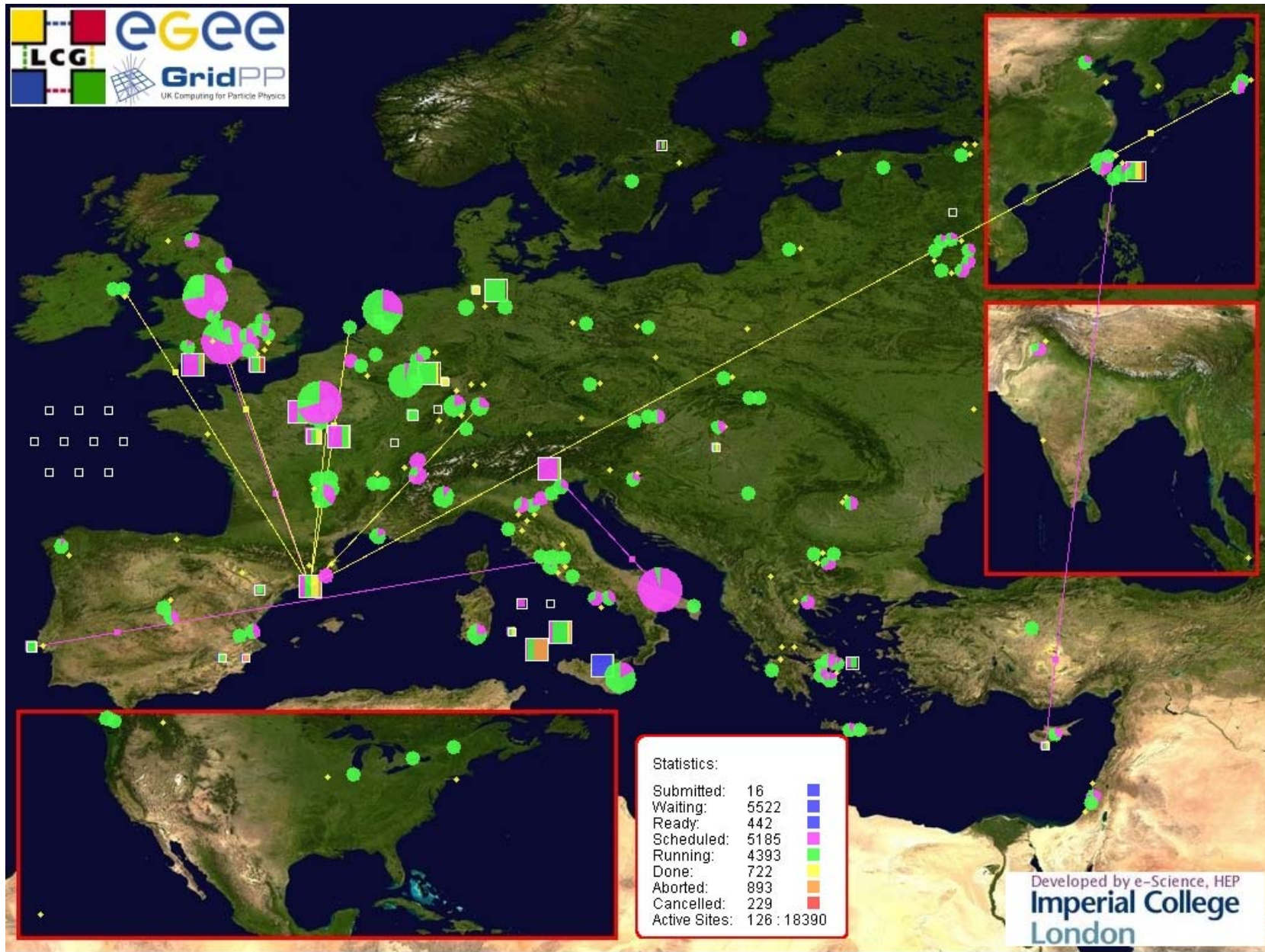
The project provides **researchers in academia** and business with access to a production level Grid infrastructure, independent of their geographic location. The EGEE project also focuses on attracting a wide range of new users to the Grid.

Because of its needs and its tradition and because of its **simple use cases, HEP has become the pilot application for the Grid (in EGEE).**



... EGEE ...

EGEE

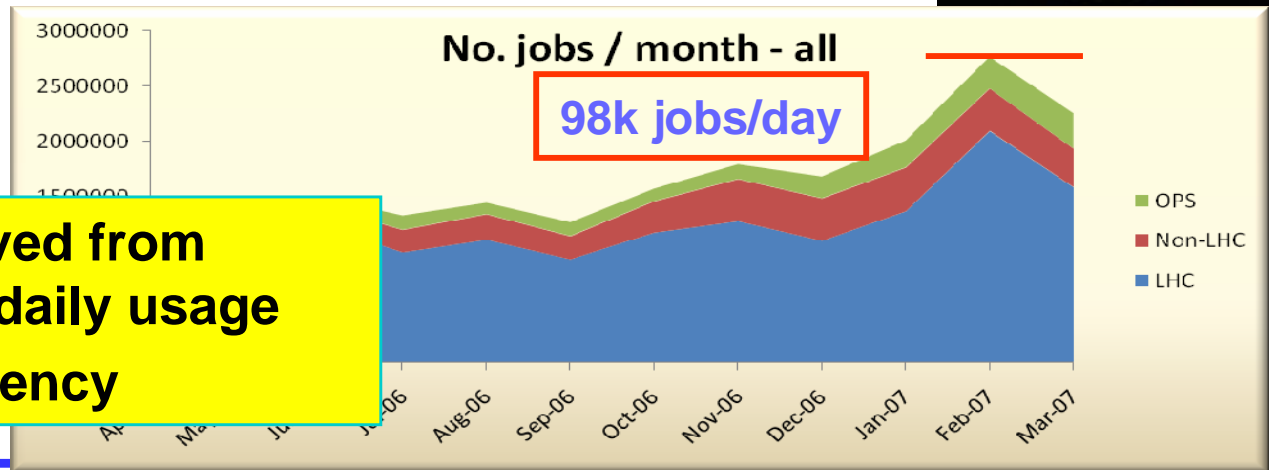
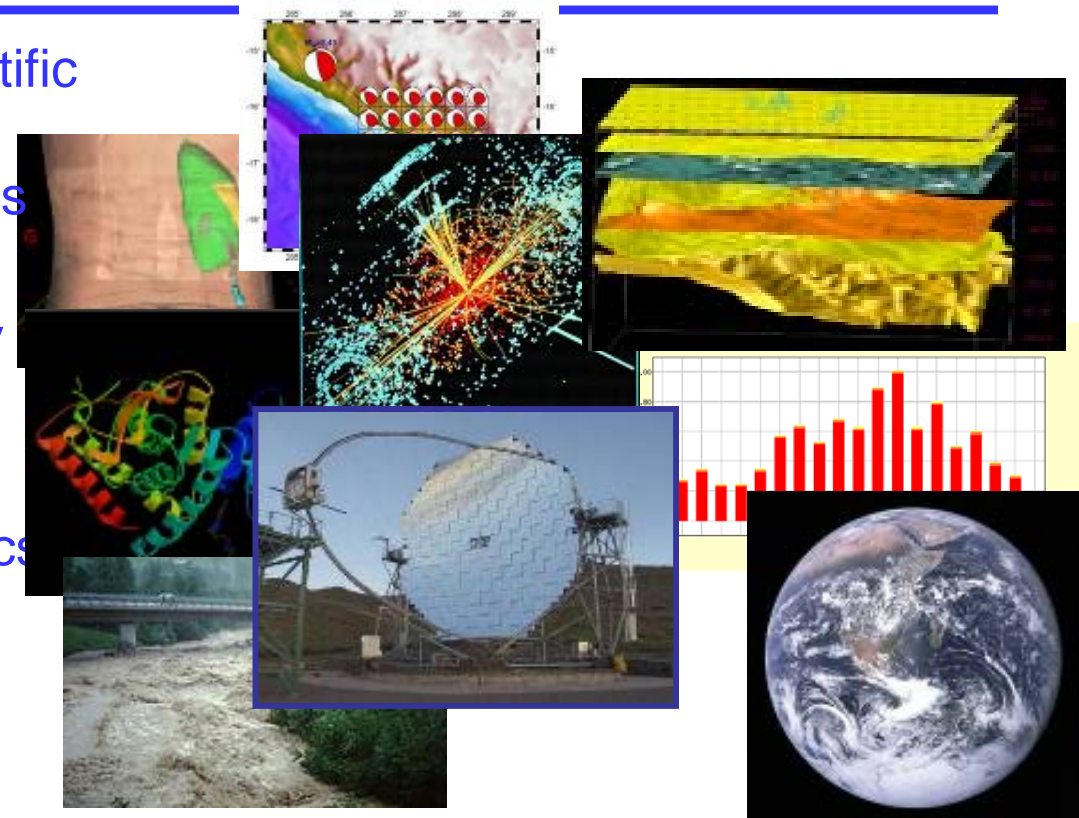




eGEE

Highlights from EGEE

- >200 VOs from several scientific domains
 - Astronomy & Astrophysics
 - Civil Protection
 - Computational Chemistry
 - Comp. Fluid Dynamics
 - Computer Science/Tools
 - Condensed Matter Physics
 - Earth Sciences
 - Fusion
 - **High Energy Physics**
 - Life Sciences
- Further applications under evaluation



Applications have moved from testing to routine and daily usage
~80-90% efficiency



DESY

EGEE

- DESY operates a Grid infrastructure as a partner in the German/Swiss **federation** (DECH) of the EU project *Enabling Grids for E-scienceE* (EGEE) deploying the middleware *gLite*.
- DESY provides Grid services and Grid resources to a number of VOs of *various* disciplines; **ONE** Grid infrastructure for **ALL** VOs
- DESY provides a *data repository* for ILC testbeam and *Monte Carlo* data accessible via the Grid
- DESY is part of the *World-wide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG)* as a **Tier-2** centre

EGEE
Enabling Grids
for E-scienceE





Grid @ DESY ...

- VOs hosted at DESY:
 - Global: 'hone', 'ilc', 'xfel.eu', 'zeus'
 - Regional: 'calice', 'ghep', 'ildg'
 - Local: 'desy', 'hermes', 'icecube'
- VOs supported at DESY:
 - Global: 'atlas', 'biomed', 'cms', 'lhcb', 'dteam', 'ops'
 - Regional: 'dech', 'xray.vo.egee-eu.org'
- Grid Core Services:
 - VOMS, LFC, BDII, 11 WMS
- Grid Computing Resources at DESY: (CE) [2008-12-15] [growing!]
 - `grid-ce3.desy.de` 1774 slots @ 325 hosts
- Grid Storage Resources at DESY: (SE)
 - `dcache-se-atlas.desy.de` O(100 TB) w/ tape backend
 - `dcache-se-cms.desy.de` O(100 TB) w/ tape backend
 - `dcache-se-desy.desy.de` O(100 TB) w/ tape backend



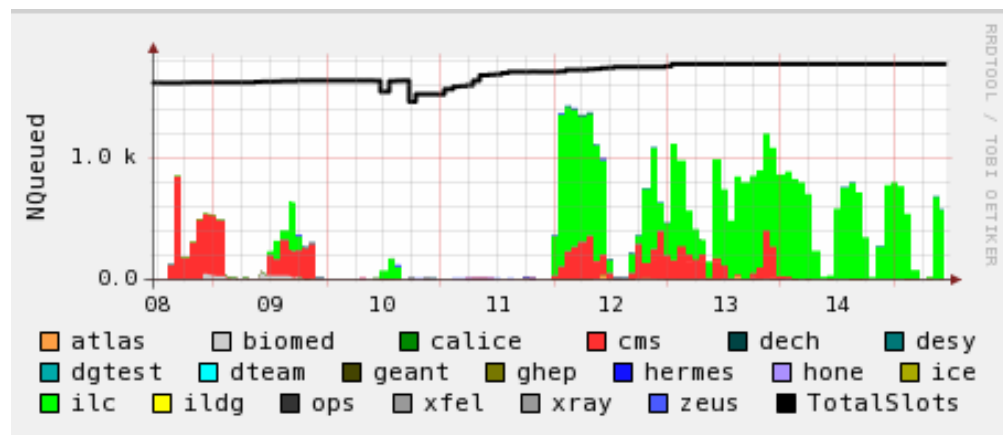
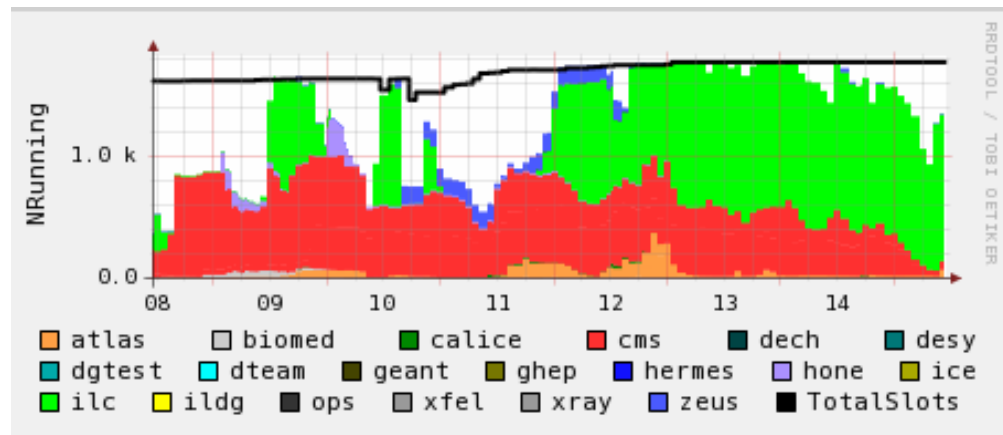
... Grid @ DESY ..

- Federating resources among VOs and their groups
 - Jobs are transient
 - Grid resources are procured from various sources
 - DESY
 - DESY / Tier-2
 - D-GRID
 - NAF
 - 1/3 ATLAS, 1/3 CMS, 1/3 others
- Opportunistic usage of resources
 - guaranty optimal usage of cycle
 - handle peak loads
- keep shares on average (*fair share*)
- limit maximal number of jobs



... Grid @ DESY

Jobs at DESY-HH December 2008





Issues

- The *local* installation is operated in a *global* environment
 - There is always day light somewhere on the globe
 - Core Grid services are used everywhere (VOMS, LFC)
- One *common* infrastructure for *multiple* VOs of multiple disciplines
 - Different groups want different things
 - Computing models differ fundamentally
 - Use and user patterns differ
 - Software requirements differ
- User *support* is a big issue
 - Not scalable
 - Underestimated
 - Has a huge social factor

