A File in the DataGrid A Brief Review on File Management in DataGrid

Introduction This document describes how to manage files within the European DataGrid Three single operations: How to put a file in the Grid How to copy (duplicate) it How to erase it Two different tools: GDMP (Grid Data Mirroring Package) EDG-REPLICA-MANAGER

Elements in a Grid (I)

- There are several different elements in a Grid that must be introduced first
 - UI (User Interface):
 - · Allows the end-user to interact with the Grid
 - . The machine the end-user logs into
 - RB (Resource Broker):
 - Accepts jobs
 - Match its requirements to available resources
 - Dispatches them
 - CE (Computing Element):
 - Consists of a gatekeeper node and one or more worker nodes
 - Provides computational resources to the user

Elements in a Grid (II)

· GK (GateKeeper):

- The front-end of a CE
- Handles interaction with the rest of the Grid by accepting, dispatching for execution or returning jobs to the output

WN (Worker Nodes):

- Nodes where user computation is actually performed.
- Managed by the GK

- SE (Storage Element):

- Provides uniform access to large storage spaces...
- ... with help from the Replica Catalog

- RC (Replica Catalogue):

- Maintains a database of the locations of master copies of files and the locations of any replicas
- They do not hold any data, but only describe it
- Connected to several CE's

Grid Data Mirroring Package

- Globus: The Globus Project is developing fundamental technologies needed to build computational grids. Those are...
 - ... persistent environments
 - integrate instruments, displays, computational and information resources,
 - that are managed by diverse organizations in widespread locations.

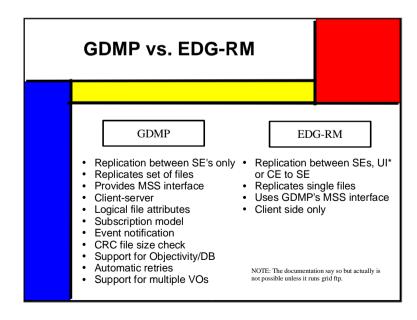
The GDMP client-server software system

- A generic file replication tool that replicates files securely and efficiently in a DataGrid environment
- Uses several Globus Grid tools.
- A collaboration between the European DataGrid project and Particle Physics DataGrid (PPDG).

RM (Replica Manager):

- Client tools that operate using GDMP software
- We will see it in depth later on.

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GDMP: Catalogues (I)

- There are three different file catalogues that GDMP utilizes to handle the files:
 - Local File Catalogue:
 - Contains all the files that are locally managed by the node.
 - Its content ought to be published for outer nodes to copy (import) files.
 - Export Catalogue:
 - Contains all the file that a node offers to other nodes to copy
 - The files in the local catalogue are registered in this one at the moment of publishing
 - Import Catalogue:
 - Contains the files that are wanted to be copied (imported) by a machine.
 - Apart from the file, it contains some extra information on the producer
 - If a node is subscribed to another one, it will automatically receive import information every time a file is published

GDMP: How to Put a File

- · There are three main steps to put a file in the Grid
- First of all, it is necessary to place it somehow in the Storage Element. We use one of the Globus commands.
- However, this is not enough. There is a catalogue every SE keeps which contains all the files it manages. The next step should be registering it in the mentioned catalogue.
- The third and the only optional step would be:
- Checking if everything went right,
- by obtaining the status of the registering job and finally
- listing the files in the local catalogue

GDMP: Catalogues (II) Globus Replica Catalogue local loca1 file catalogue catalog consumer (GDMP) producer (GDMP) export catalogue import catalogue host list File 1 File1 (producer information) File2 (producer_information) File3 (producer_information) File3

GDMP: How to Copy a File (I)

- Once we have already a registered file, we are ready to copy it from a CE to another.
- Now two other two catalogues enter the game: the import catalogue and the export catalogue.
- The **export catalogue** contains the files that a site wants to publish for the Grid to use.
- The **import catalogue** contains all the files that are published by the producer but not yet transferred to the consumer site.
- A host can subscribe to any other host in the Grid in order to be notified when new files are published in the remote host.
- Once two hosts are subscribed to one another, whenever a file is published, it can be copied (replicated) with gdmp_replicate_get and gdmp_replicate_put
- · We will see it all in detail

GDMP: How to Copy a File

- We now have four steps to follow to copy a file:
- First of all, it is necessary to register the receiving node in the sending node so the moment that the latter one publishes the files, the first one is able to receive it.
- Next step to take is to properly publish the above-mentioned file, for both catalogues (export and import) to be the way we need.
- A third optional step would be checking whether both catalogues contain what they are supposed to.
- The fourth and most important step can now be carried out: copying the file.

EDG-REPLICA-MANAGER-2.0

- EDG-REPLICA-MANAGER is a piece of software responsible for replicating files and updating the Globus Replica Catalogue
 - It uses the GDMP commands we have already dwelled into before
 - Therefore, EDG-RM operates in a layer that is placed on top of the GDMP layer.
- All of the three actions described before (putting a file in the Grid, replicating it or removing it) can be also carried about by using EDG-RM.
- We will see it in detail in the following slides at the same time we try to show the relationship between EDG-RM and GDMP.
- . EDG-RM is implemented with two different interfaces.
 - The Core-API interface (coded in C++)
 - The command-line interface (the one we concentrate in, in this review).

GDMP: How to Remove a File

- · Removing a file is much easier than copying it
- · We use the command gdmp_remove_local_file...
- which not only removes the file from disk,
- but also from all possible catalogues.

[SE-B] /path \$ gdmp_remove_local_file -p /path/filename.txt Message: Deleting /path/filename.txt of type file. Message: /path/filename.txt deleted.

GDMP vs. EDG-RM

GDMP

- Replication between SE's only
- Replicates set of files
- Provides MSS interface
- Client-server
- Logical file attributes
- Subscription model
- Event notification
- CRC file size check
- · Support for Objectivity/DB
- Automatic retries
- Support for multiple VOs

EDG-RM

- Replication between SEs, UI* or CE to SE
- Replicates single files
- Uses GDMP's MSS interface
- Client side only

NOTE: The documentation say so but actually is not possible unless it runs grid ftp.

EDG-RM: How to Put a File

- There are two ways of putting a file in the Grid
- By one way, the file can be put in two steps the way we did with GDMP:
- We first physically copy the file into the place we want
 and then we register it right after.
- · Nonetheless, EDG-RM brings a more powerful command that can perform both tasks together. We will now see each one of them in detail.

EDG-RM: How to Delete a File

- EDG-RM deleting is a really easy thing to do: we have to use the *deleteFile* command indicating:
 - the physical file name of the file we want to erase
 - as well as its logical file name.
- It will automatically remove an entry from the Replica Catalog and the file.

EDG-RM: How to Replicate a File

- To replicate one file from one SE to another we use edgreplica-manager-replicateFile.
- It is really similar to the one before but there are two main differences.
 - Both hosts have to use gsiftp, and be SE's as well.
 - Besides, this command deletes the copy already made if the Replica-Catalog-Update process fails. The copyAndRegister command does not do so.
- Apart from that, syntax is exactly the same as in copyAndRegister and
- The answer echoed by the command is also exactly alike.

Summary

- · We have now an overview on how the file management in the grid is about from the lower GDMP side and the upper EDG-RM side
- EDG-RM is much
 - Safer
 - More powerful (API core)
 - Simple (higher level)
- Disadvantage:
 - Some operations cannot be done from EGM-RM
 - ought to be used from GMDP, i.e., transferring files without gsiftp protocol.

Bibliography

- DataGrid: EDG User's Guide
- EDG-REPLICA-MANAGER-2.0: Installation and User's Guide
- Grid Data Mirroring Package: User Guide for GDMP 2.0

Steps 1-5 (I)

- Similar to every node:
- Three different software packages:
 - Certificate Authorities
 - Globus Toolkit
 - EDG: European DataGrid Software
- RPM lists available in the official WebSite
 - Full installation in every node not needed
 - Specific rpm's for each nodes (installing full would work)
- Add a couple of lines to /ld.so.conf and run ldconfig

Installing a Storage Element

- Choose a node:
 - Problems with: grid010
 - Grid005
- Follow the documentation:
 - First five steps: common in all nodes.
 - Next three steps: common with a CE.
 - Some last specific steps.
- Test the installation

Steps 1-5 (II)

- Both CA and Globus no problem
- EDG brings some problems:
 - Module dependencies: External list
 - Some still missing: Web
 - Problems with Perl packages: Desy directory
 - Problems with versions:
 - · A specific version is required
 - Installing it not possible because of a newer one
 - Two different ways of solving it:
 - Removing the newer one and installing the old one (-force)
 - Ignore module dependencies.
 - · Recommendation: try ignoring first, then erasing.

Steps 1-3 of a CE

- Copy some specific security files:
 - Host certificates: hostcert.pem
 - Private key: hostkey.pem
- Create /etc/sysconfig/globus: two lines
 - GLOBUS_LOCATION=/opt/globus-24
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- Run the Globus initialization script:
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Specific Steps – Daemons

- Four different daemons to be run
 - gdmp_server
 - globus_gatekeeper
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 - globus mds
- Same sintax all, a script
 - daemon name start
 - SUSE Linux: change daemon for start_proc
- Finally Exporting a flatfiles directory

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- Configure two *globus* files:
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 - J. Nowaks documentation.
 - Change the node of the nodes.
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 - Several different fields
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Testing the Storage Element

- Tried globus-url-copy and worked
- When registering, problems with permissions.
 - GDMP seems to work though as well
 - Probably some problems with permissions
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 - Not solved yet
- Apparently, it is working, though we still need to keep on testing.

Acknowledgements

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Specific Steps – GDMP

- Configure GDMP for each VO your site supports:
- Run a command: configure_gdmp
- Creates a directory for each VO.
- Two files:
 - gdmp.conf
 - gdmp.private.conf
- The VO's share a configuration file:
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A File in the DataGrid

A Brief Review on File Management in DataGrid

Isaac Iglesias Faustino, IT Summer Student

Introduction

- This document describes how to manage files within the European DataGrid
- Three single operations:
 - How to put a file in the Grid
 - How to **copy** (duplicate) it
 - How to **erase** it
- Two different tools:
 - GDMP (Grid Data Mirroring Package)
 - EDG-REPLICA-MANAGER

Main Concepts

• Grid:

- Emerging infrastructure
- Totally change the actual way of computing
- Allows its users not only to exchange information (as the Internet)...
- ... but also every computational resource

DataGrid:

- Project funded by European Union
- Objective: to build the next generation computing infrastructure providing:
 - Intensive computation
 - Analysis of shared large-scale databases

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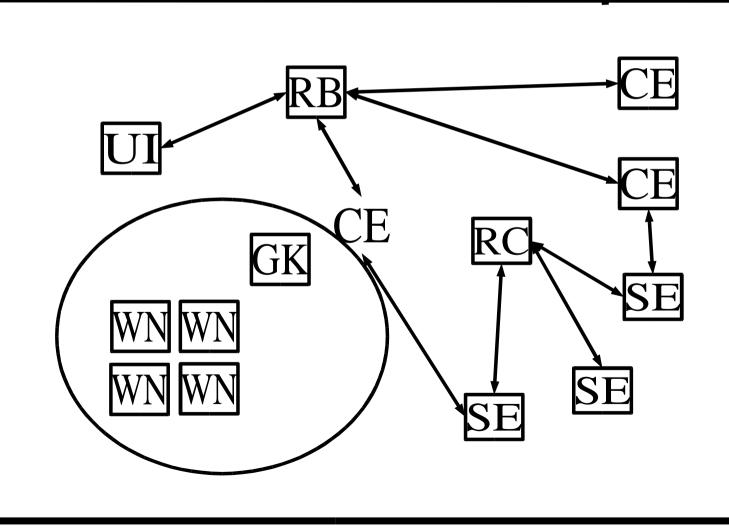
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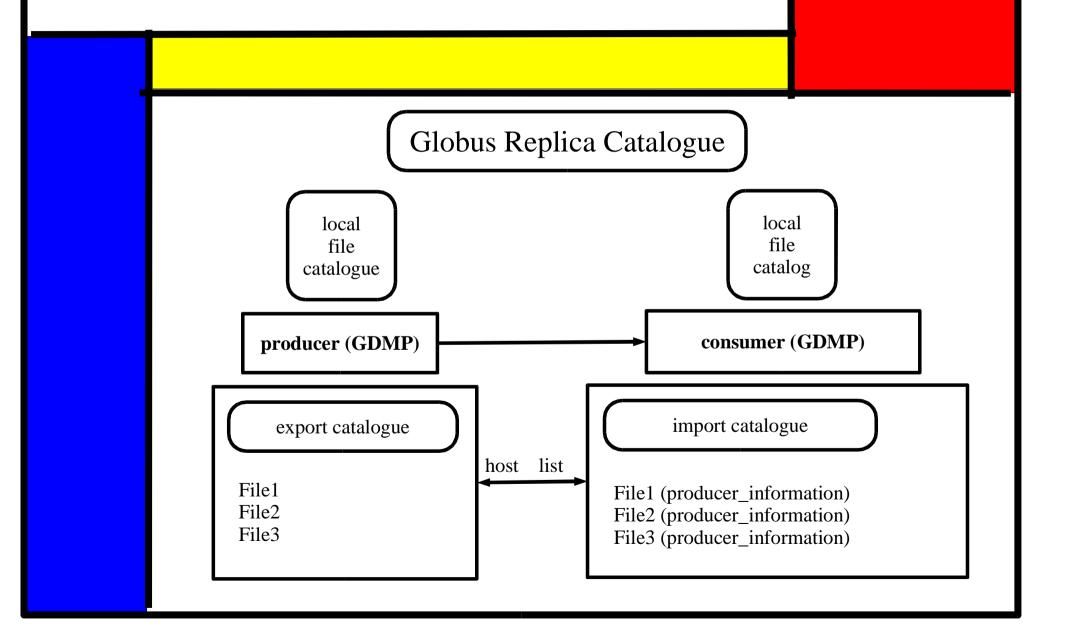
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